

The Convenient Remedy for the Inconvenient Truth

with apologies to Al Gore. . .and John Norquist!



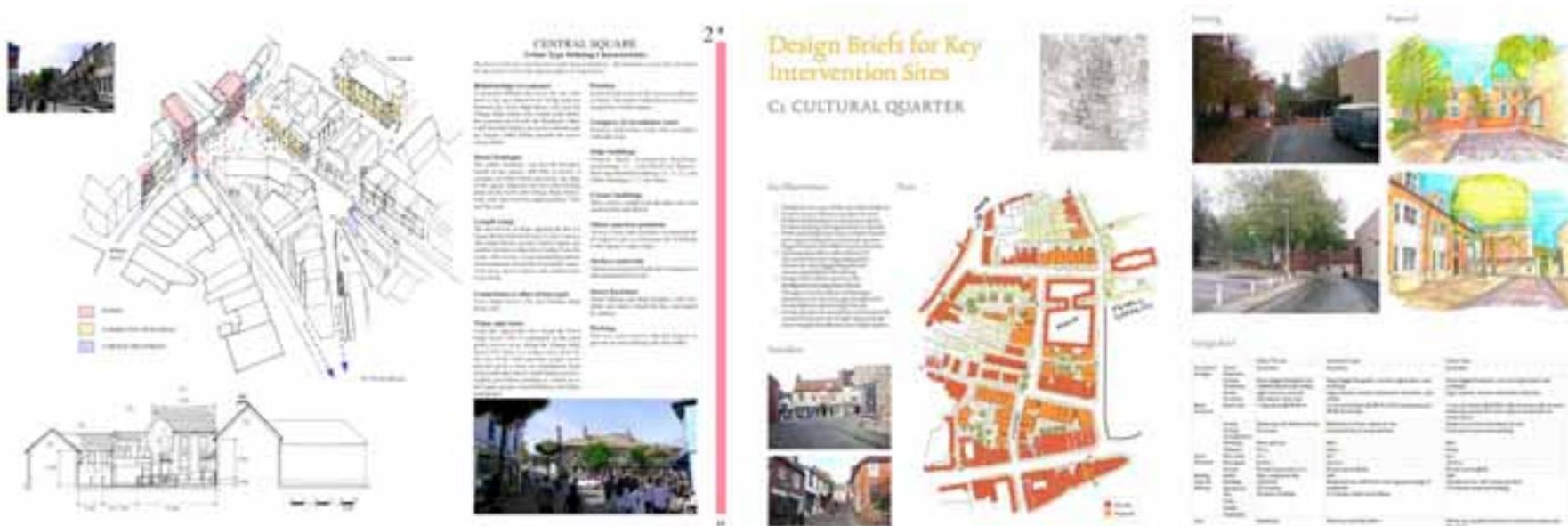
The Prince's Foundation

The Prince's Foundation for the Built Environment is an educational charity founded by HRH The Prince of Wales to improve the quality of people's lives by teaching and practising timeless *and ecological* ways of *planning, designing* and building.

We are one of 18 charities for which the Prince of Wales is President, together we comprise the largest multi-cause charitable enterprise in the United Kingdom.



New Tools for Planning, Building and Design

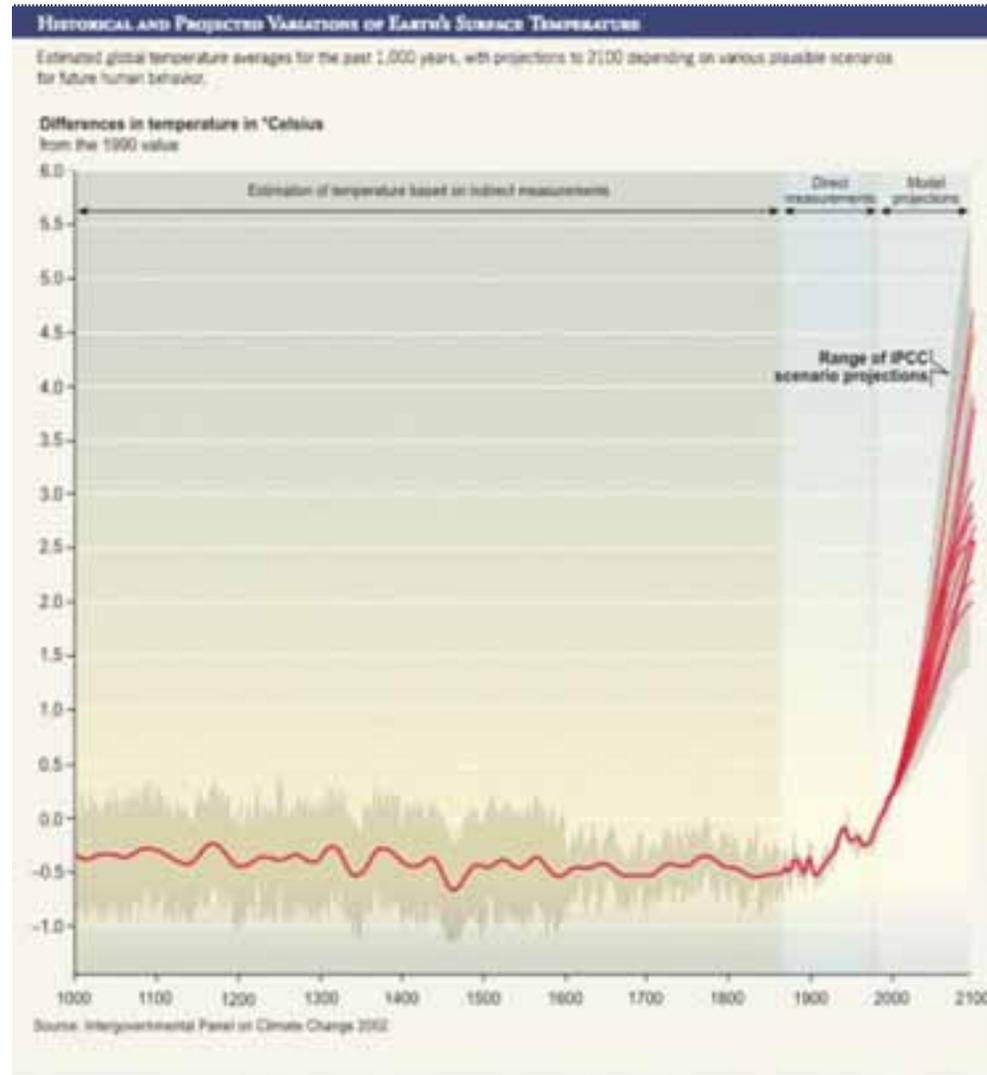


- Enquiry by Design: intensive method for stakeholder engagement and consensus building around master plans;
- Design coding: graphic instructions for translating plan to reality, streamlining process of planning and improving performance; and
- Pattern books: tool for improving quality of community planning and design for use by house builders.

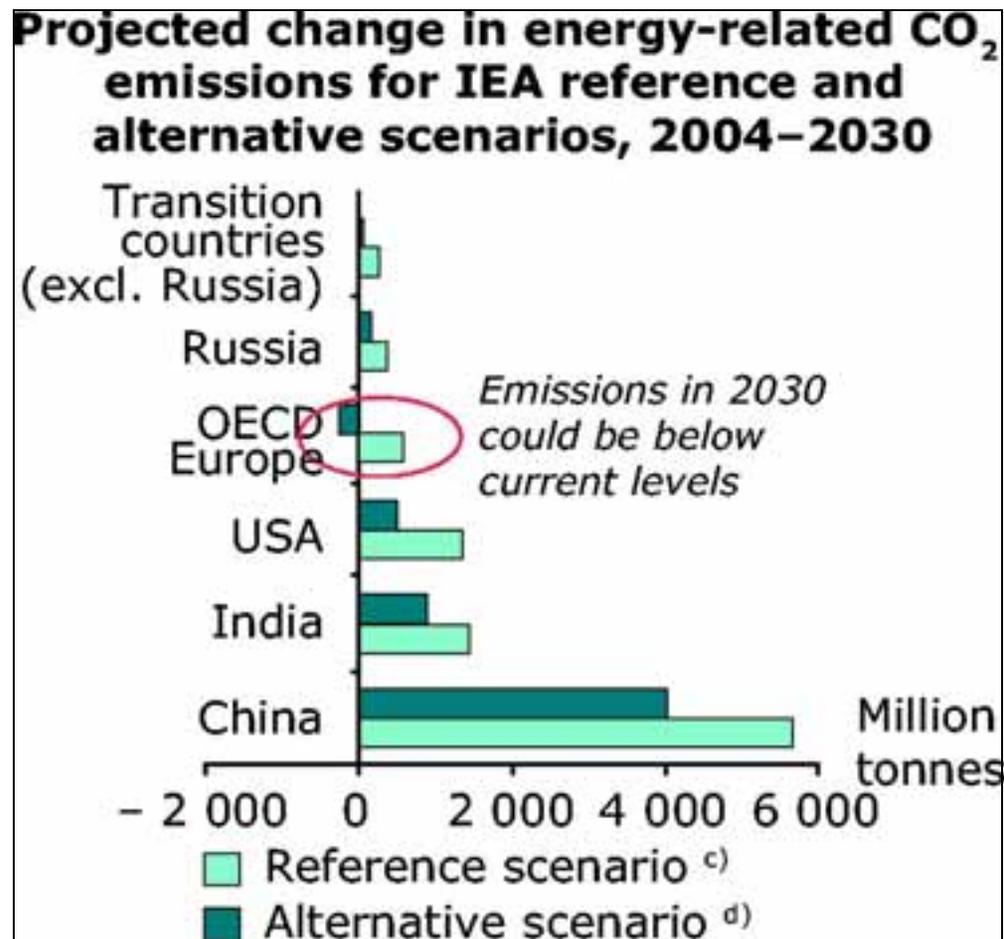
2.1 Billion More In Cities by 2030



IPCC: Rise in Global Temperature

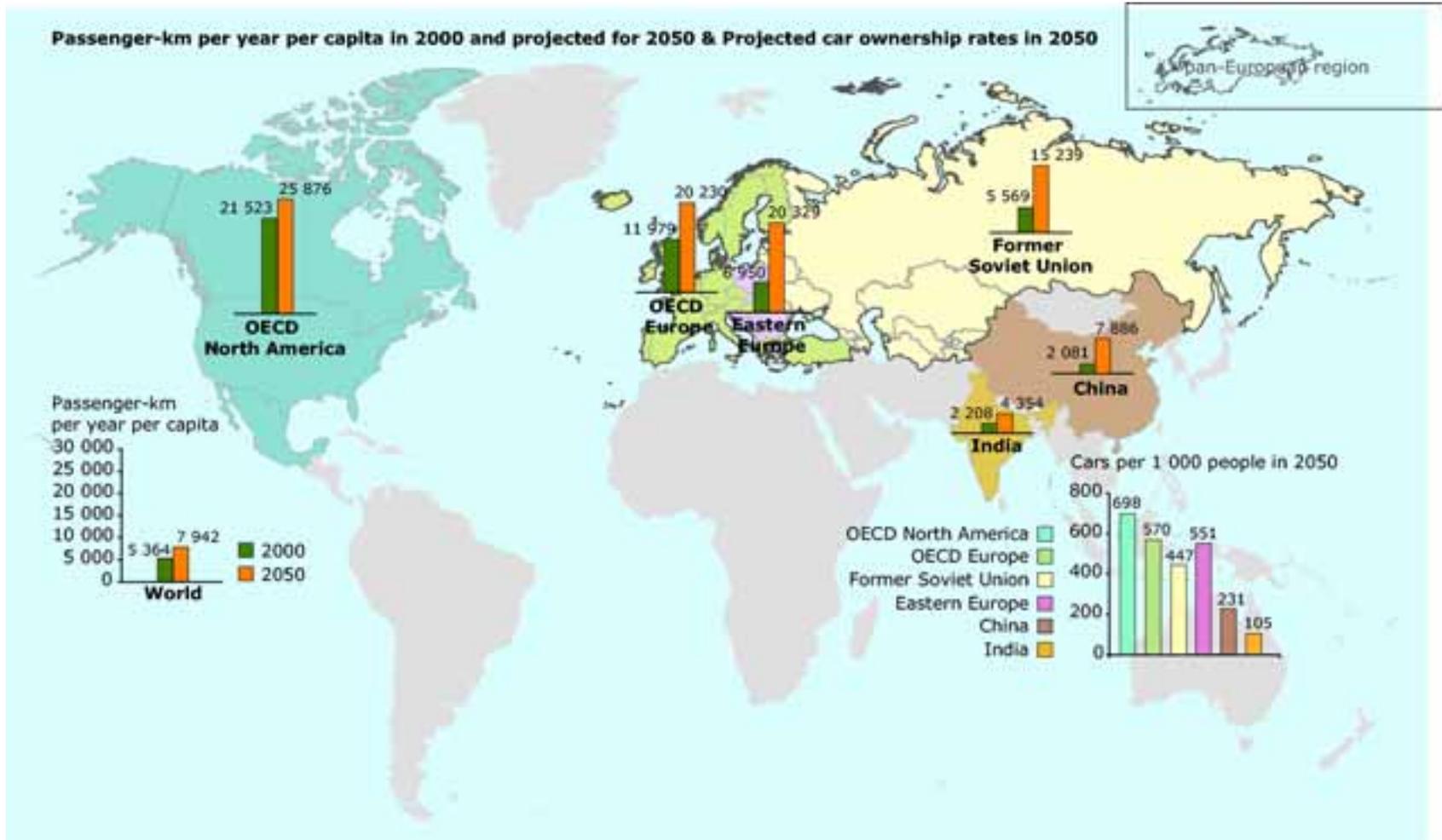


CO2 Trends 2004-2030



<http://www.eea.europa.eu>, Copyright EEA, Copenhagen, 2007.

Passenger Car Travel and Ownership: 2000-2050



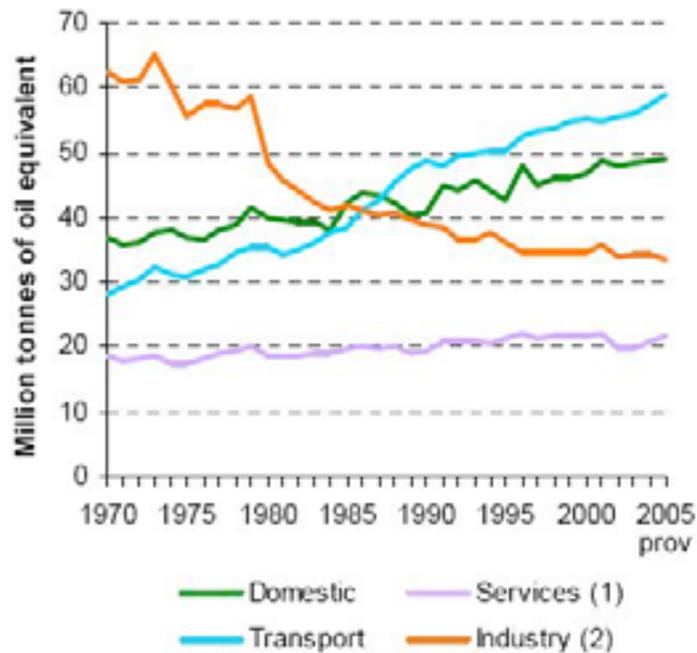
<http://www.eea.europa.eu>, Copyright EEA, Copenhagen, 2007.

Contributions of Different Sectors

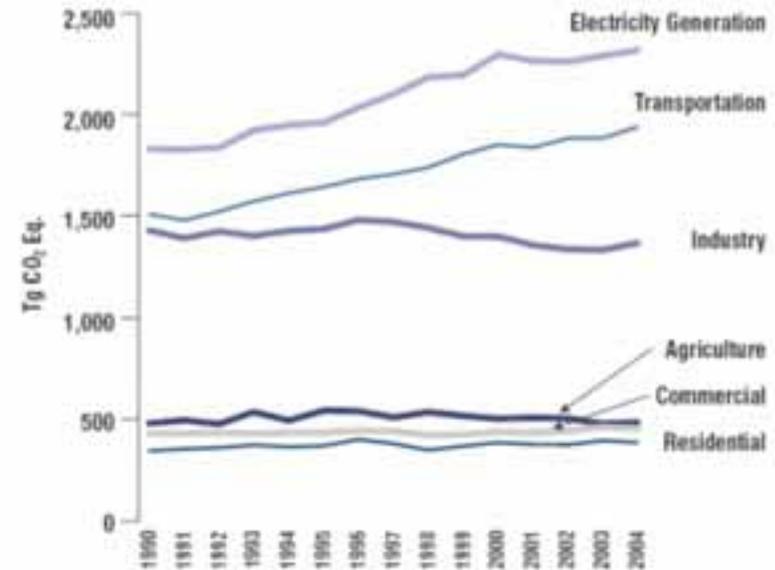
UK: from DTI

US: from EIA

Final energy consumption by sector, 1970 to 2005



Emissions Allocated to Economic Sectors

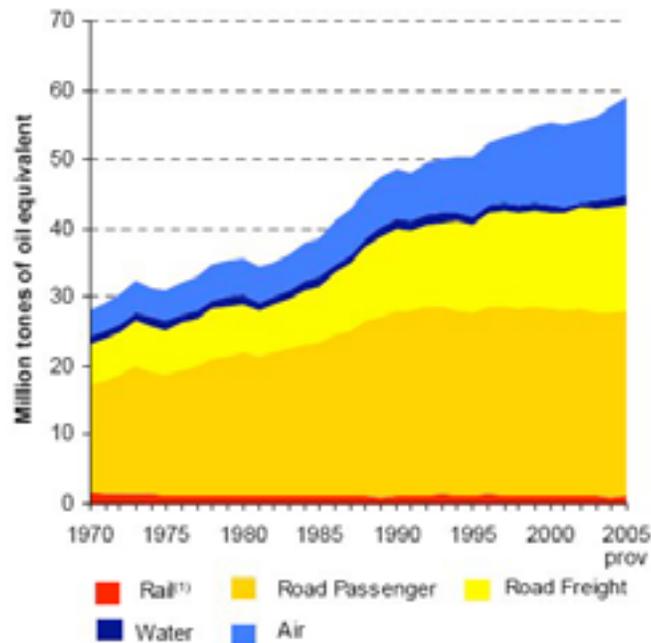


Note: Does not include U.S. territories.

Transport Modes

UK: Dept for Transport

Transport energy consumption by type of transport, 1970 to 2005



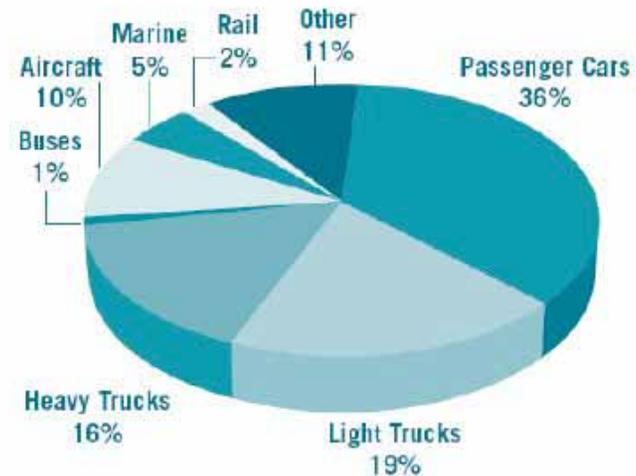
(1) For rail transport, electricity consumed at transport premises is included from 1990 onwards.

Source: Department of Trade and Industry;
Department for Transport

US: EPA

Transportation GHG Emissions

by Mode, 2000

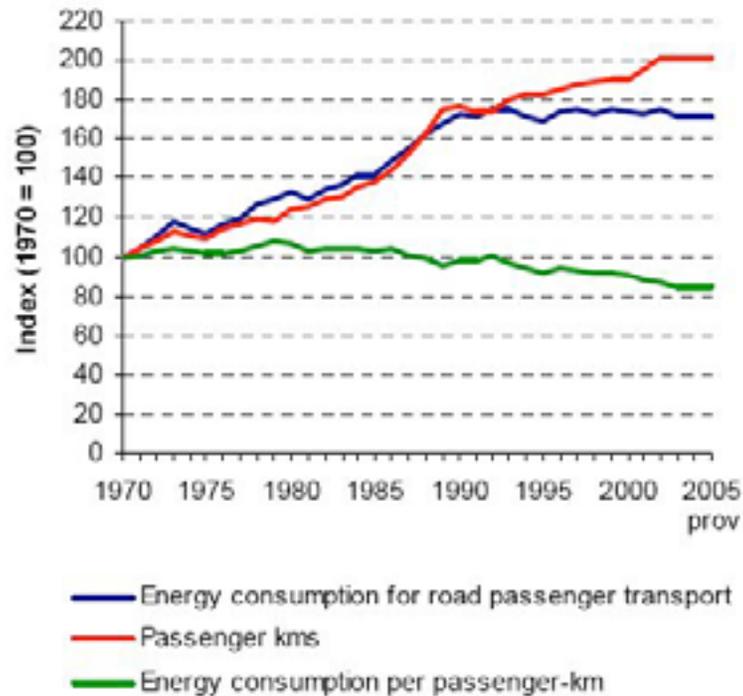


Source: U.S. EPA, 2002, Table 1-14.

Relationship to Land Use and Passenger Travel

UK

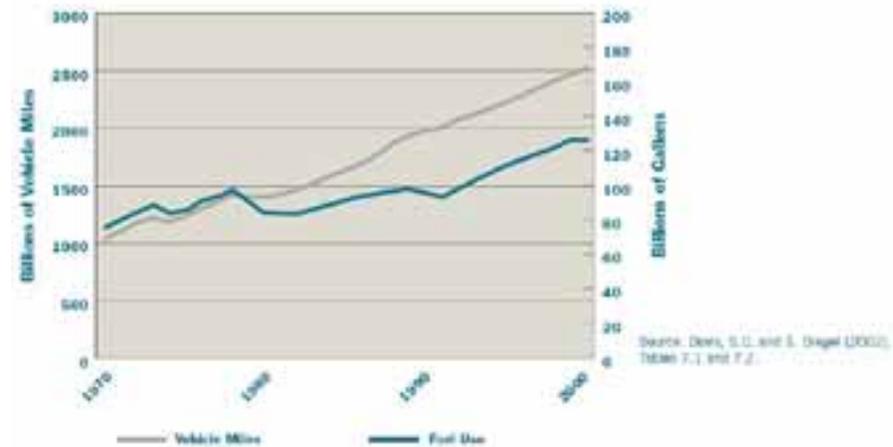
Energy consumption and distance travelled by road passengers, 1970 to 2005



Source: Department of Trade and Industry;
Department for Transport

US

Passenger Car and Light Truck Travel and Fuel Use



Source: Davis, S.C. and S. Diegel (2002), Tables 7.1 and 7.2

Diffusion and Saturation of Motor Vehicles

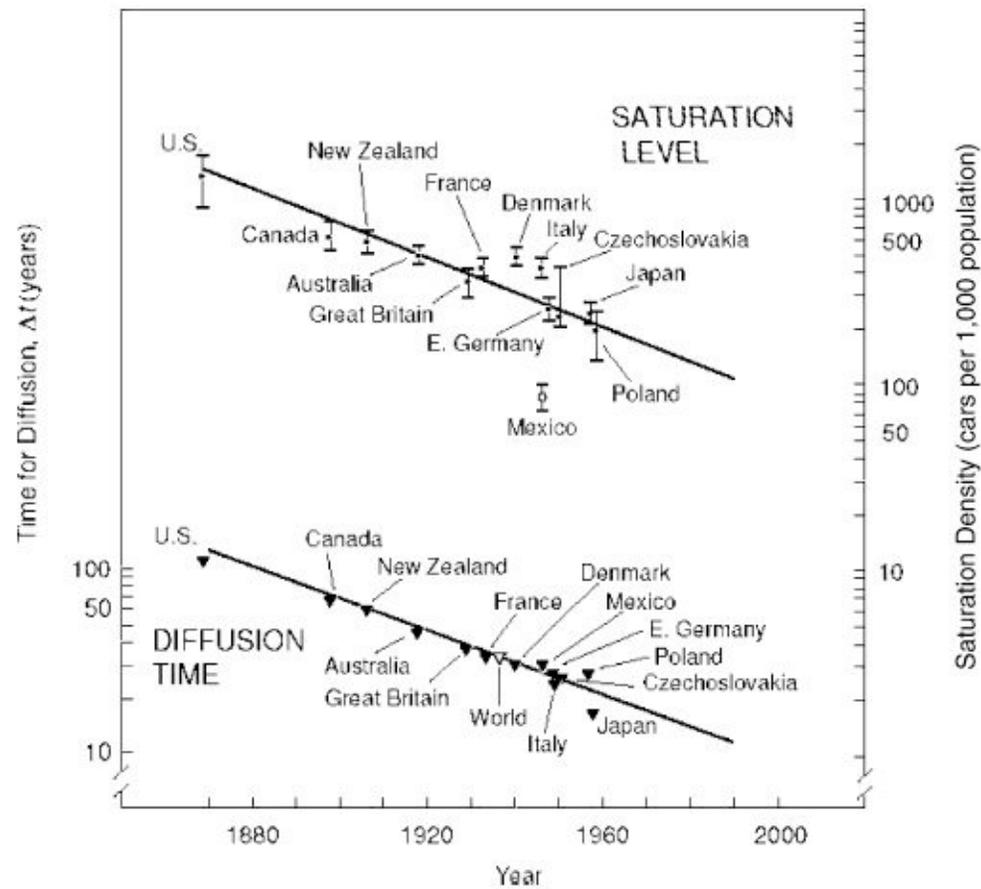
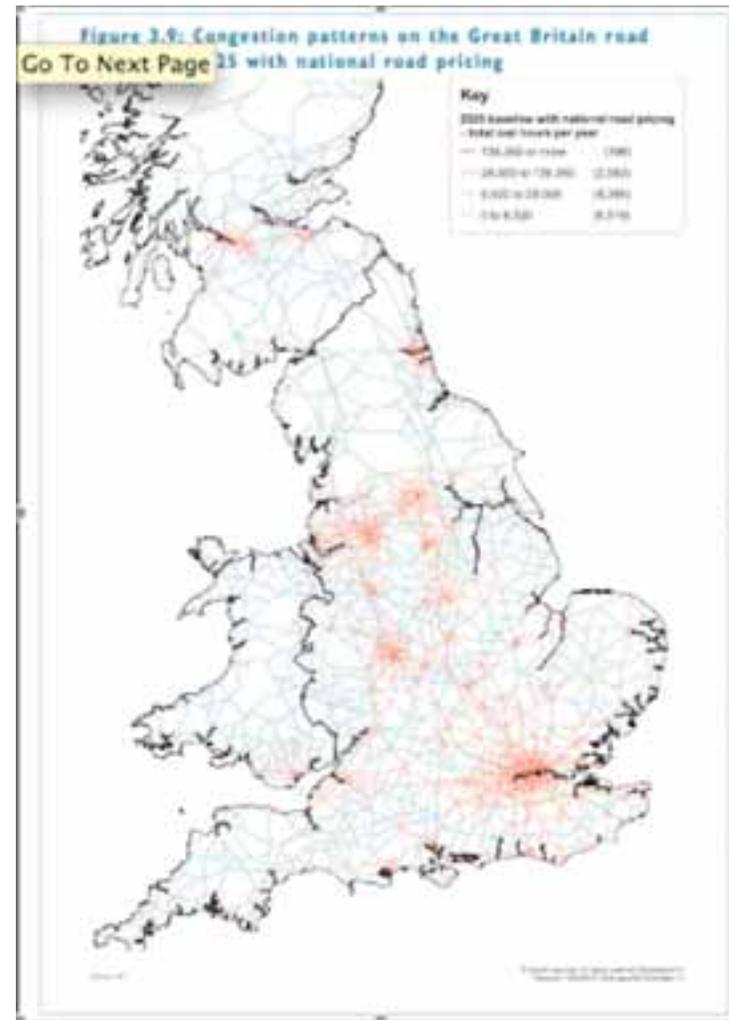
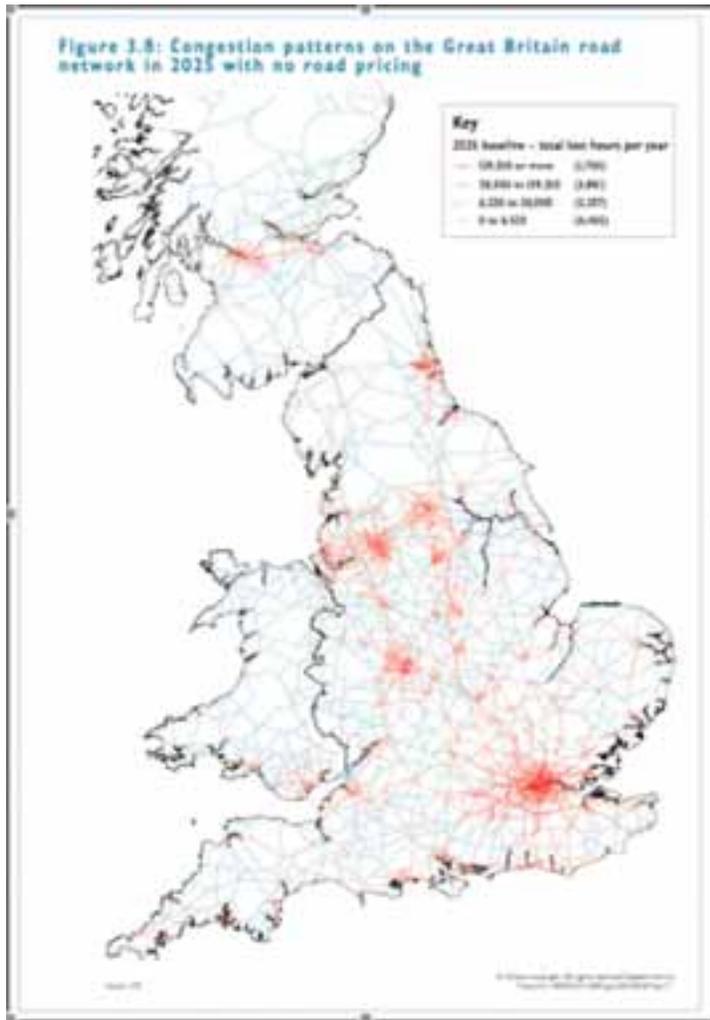


Fig. 5. Speed and level of passenger car diffusion in diverse countries. In Canada, for example, diffusion began in about 1900 and required about 60 years (lower part of chart) and reached about 500 cars per 1000 population (upper part of chart). *Source:* Gruebler [3].

Stern Review, November 2006

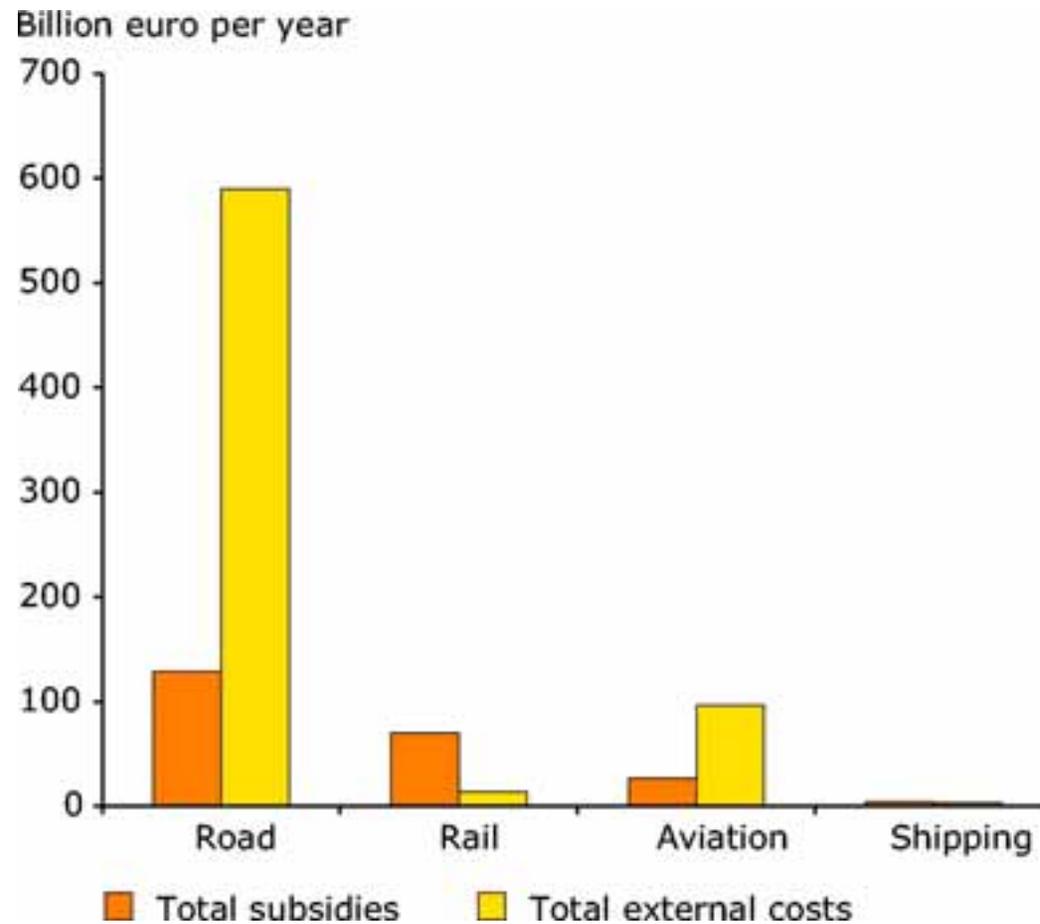
“Higher-density urban environments typically consume less energy for transport and in buildings. In addition, land use controls such as restrictions on the availability and pricing of parking spaces, the use of pedestrian zones and parks, and land use zonal strategies (including congestion charging), have the potential to support integrated public transport to reduce the use of private motor vehicles.”

Congestion Charging: Is Relieving Congestion the Goal?



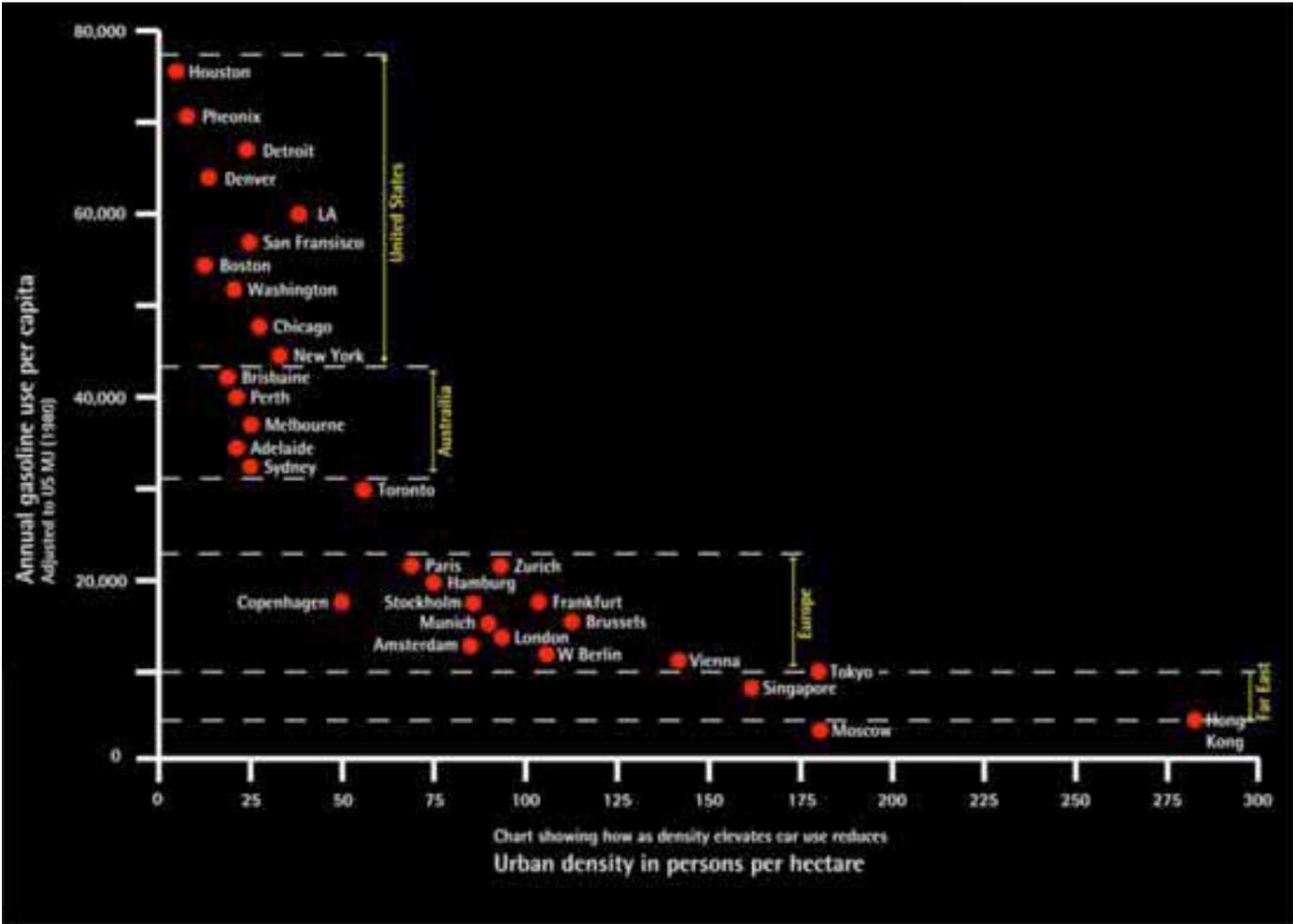
Eddington Report, 2007

Transport Subsidies and External Costs, EU



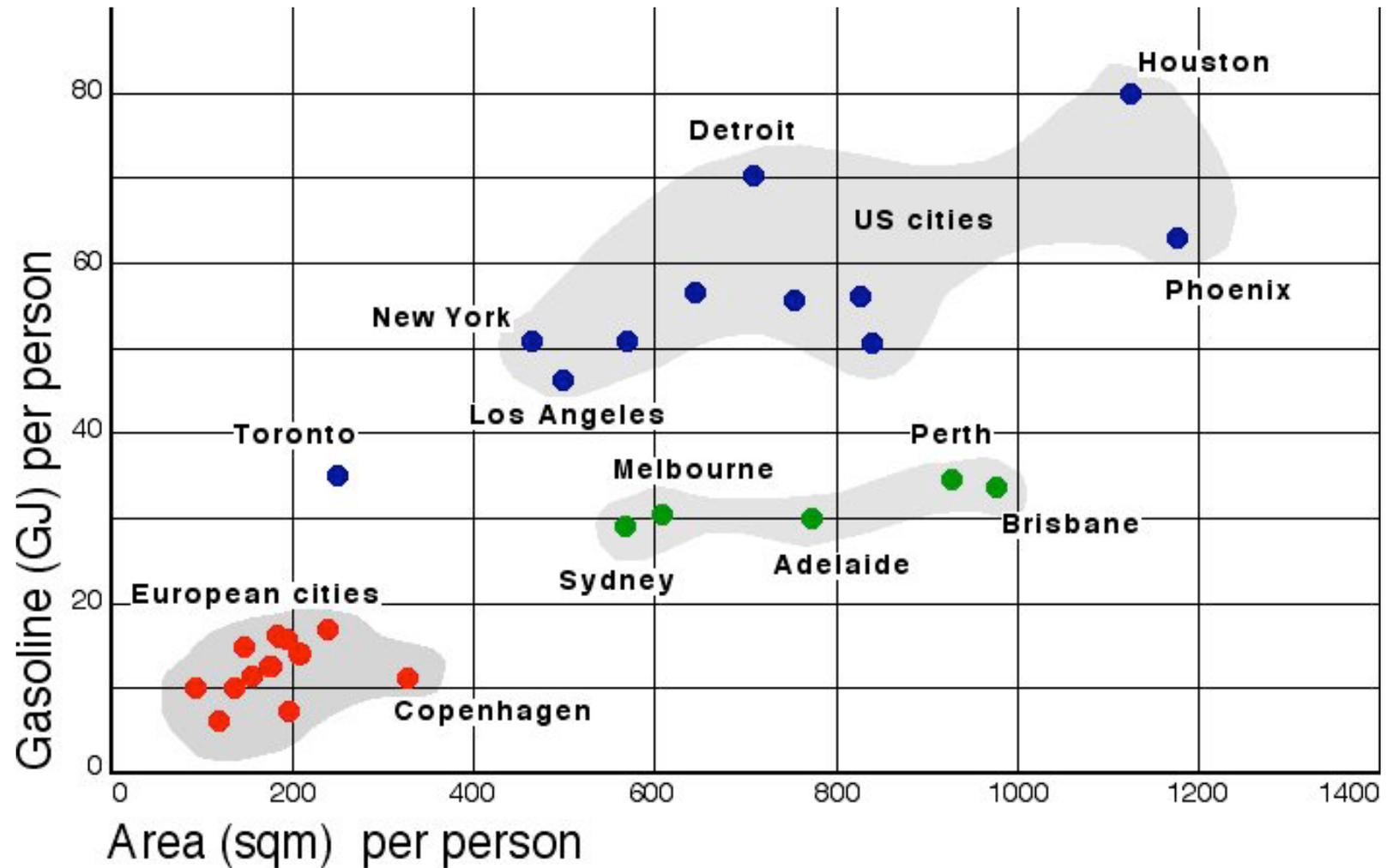
European Environment Agency, 2007

Petrol Use per Person



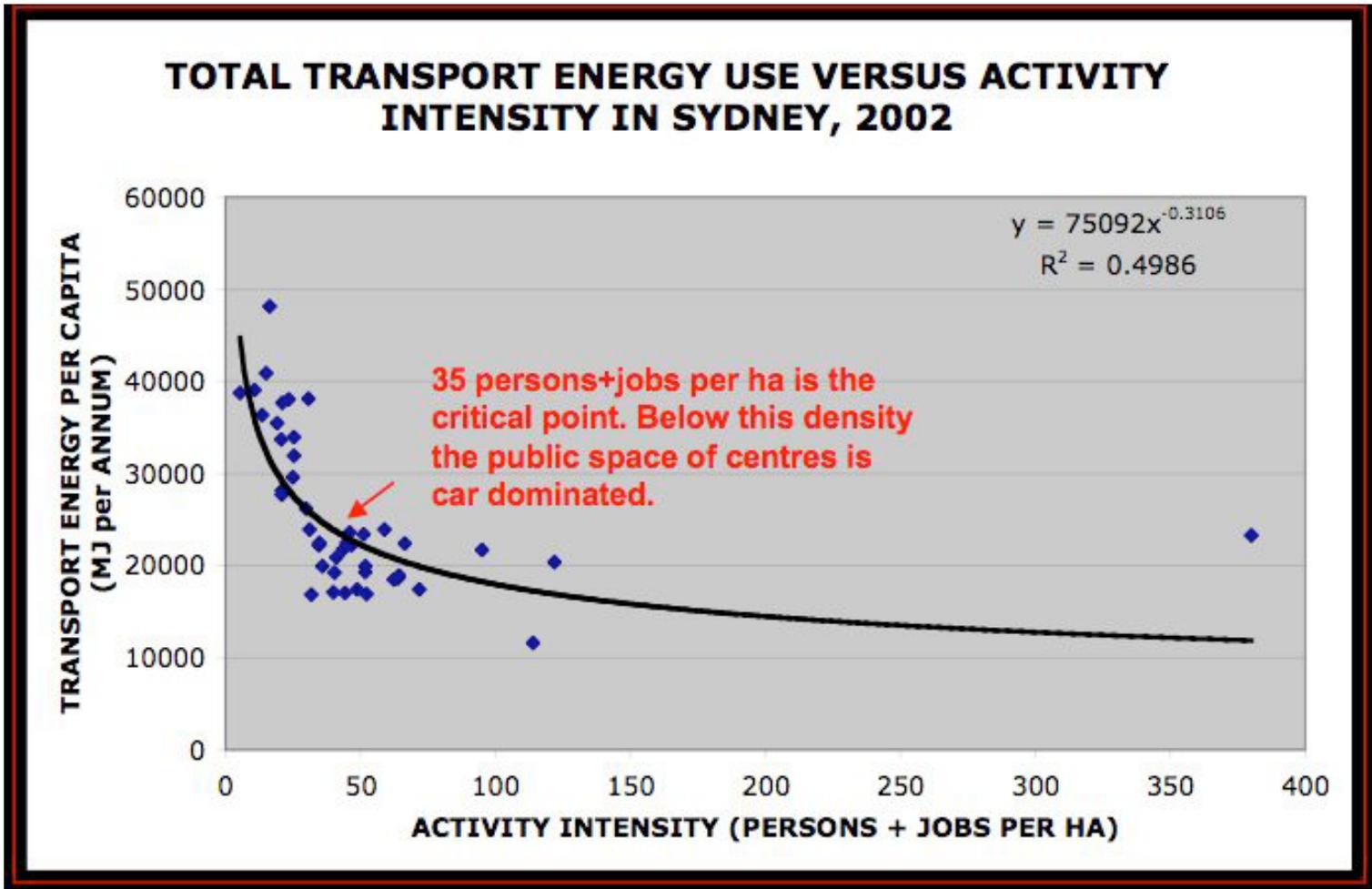
Jeff Kenworthy

Petrol Use and Density



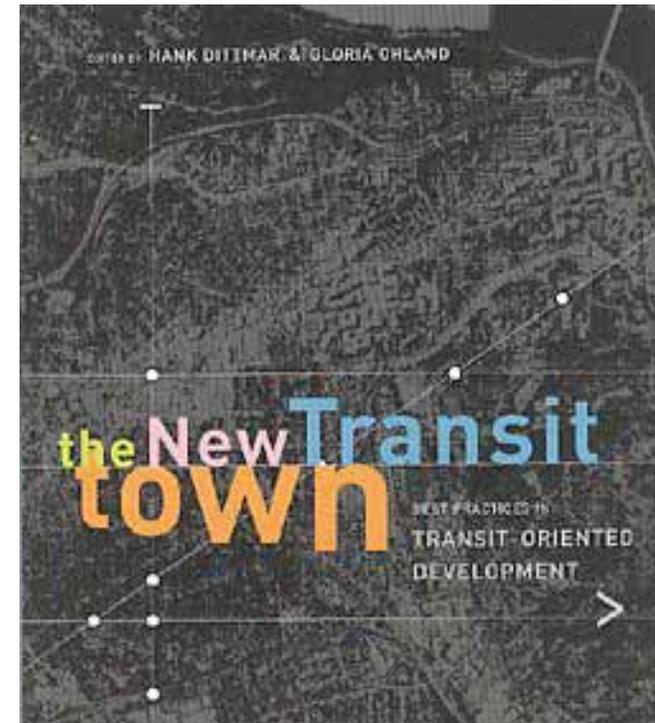
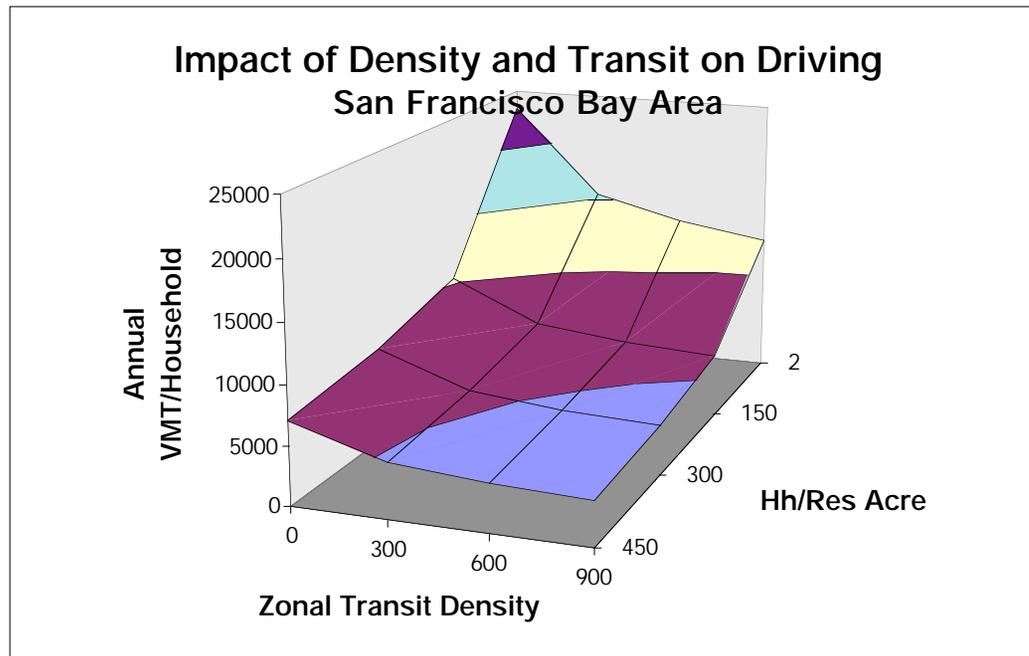
Adapted from Jeff Kenworthy

Energy Intensity and Activity



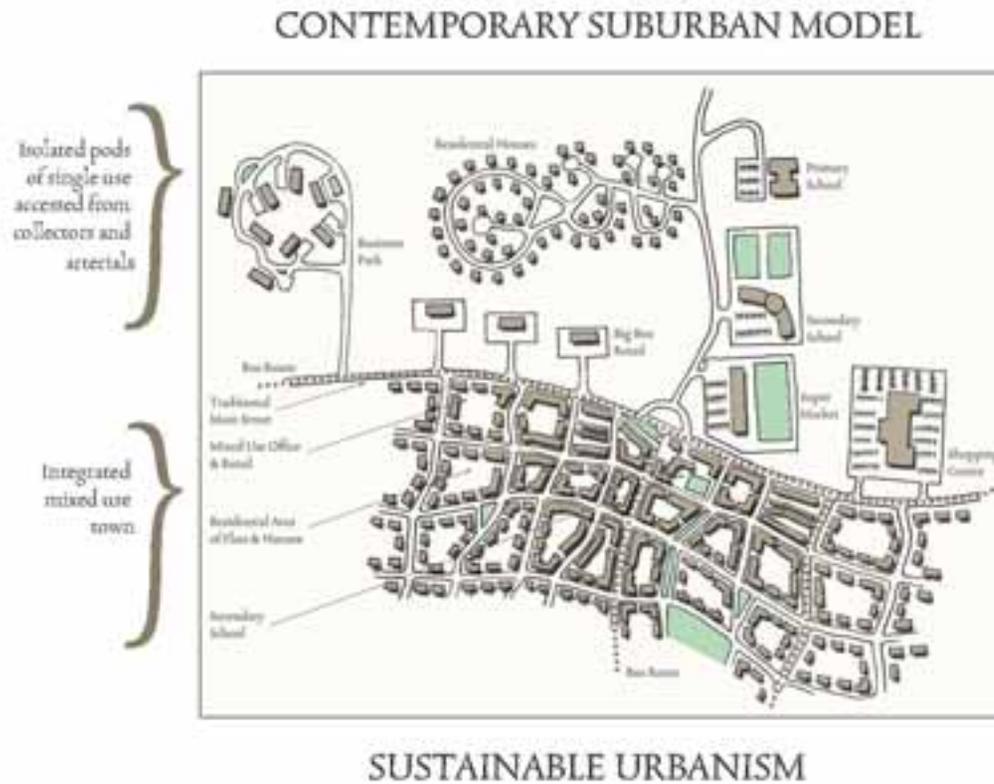
Jeff Kenworthy

Location Efficiency



- Urban design factors including residential density, transport access and pedestrian friendliness are positively correlated with reductions in driving, even after controlling for household size and income.
- Holtzclaw, Clear, Dittmar, Transportation Planning and Technology, 2001. (www.reconnectingamerica.org); Dittmar, *New Transit Town*, 2005.

Principles of Traditional (and Sustainable) Urbanism



Exemplars: Evolving Tradition



- Sherford: a new sustainable community with a multifunctional High Street
- Upton: green streets and an urban network
- Walthamstow: the evolution of an outer London town centre into a public transport node and a place

Sherford Sustainable New Community

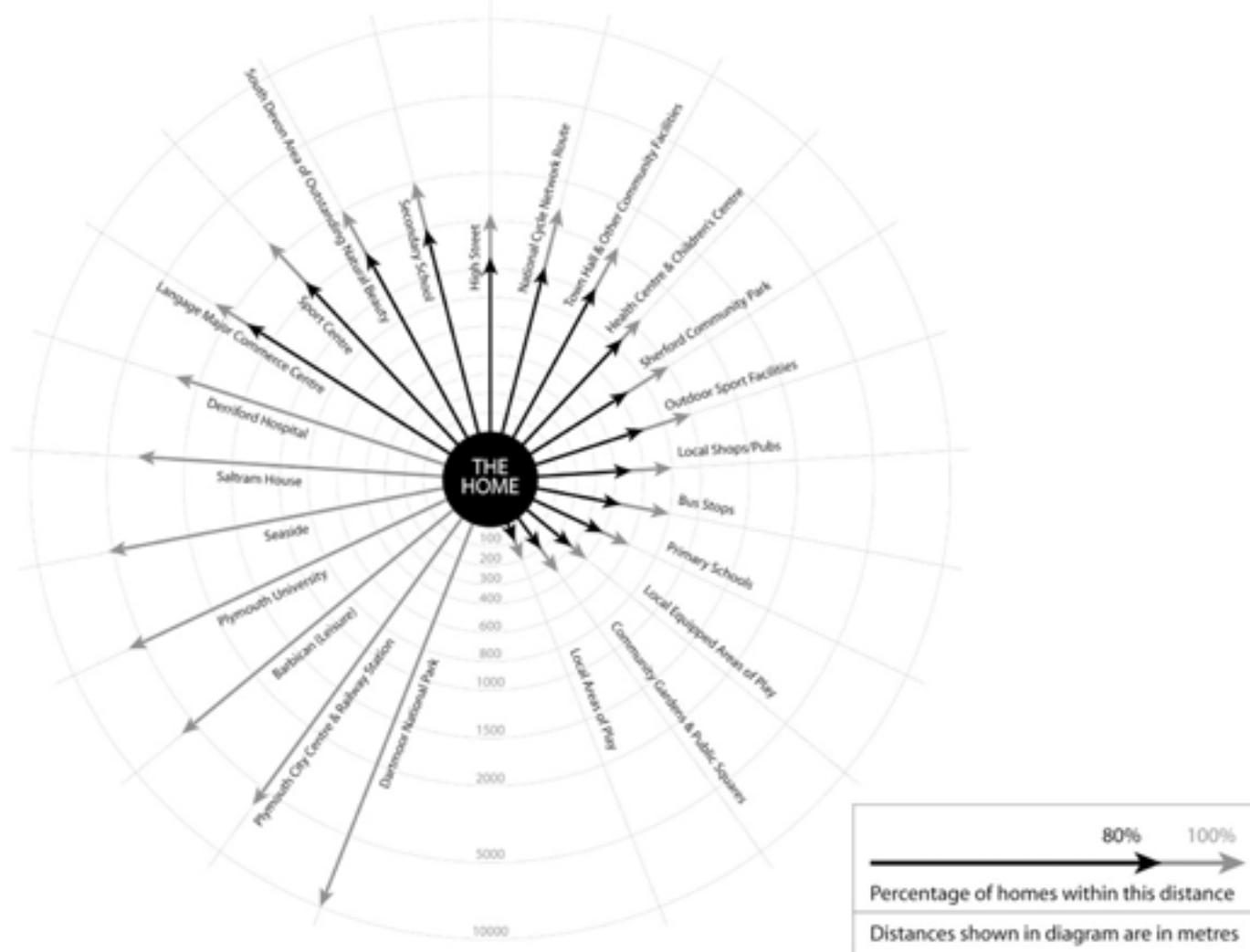


New community with 5500 homes, town centre with retail and employment, 50% affordable, rapid bus connection to centre, eco home excellent, 50% renewables green structure, local food and materials policy.

Neighbourhood Structure for Sherford



Sherford: From Home to Everything You Need



Sherford Town Code

IDEAL FORMS

All the illustrations upon which Sherford has been developed have been created from three and a half stories. The most common height is a number of stories. Other permitted heights are shown. The height of a building is measured from the ground level to the top of the roof. The height of a building is measured from the ground level to the top of the roof. The height of a building is measured from the ground level to the top of the roof.

The diagram illustrates various building forms categorized by height and roof type. It includes a grid of building elevations and a central diagram showing a building with a gabled roof and a chimney, with arrows indicating height measurements and roof types.

CL2 COMMERCIAL MIXED USE

Introduction
 Commercial Mixed Use is a form of development that combines residential and commercial uses in a single building. This type of development is ideal for town centers and village centers. It provides a mix of uses and helps to create a vibrant, walkable community.

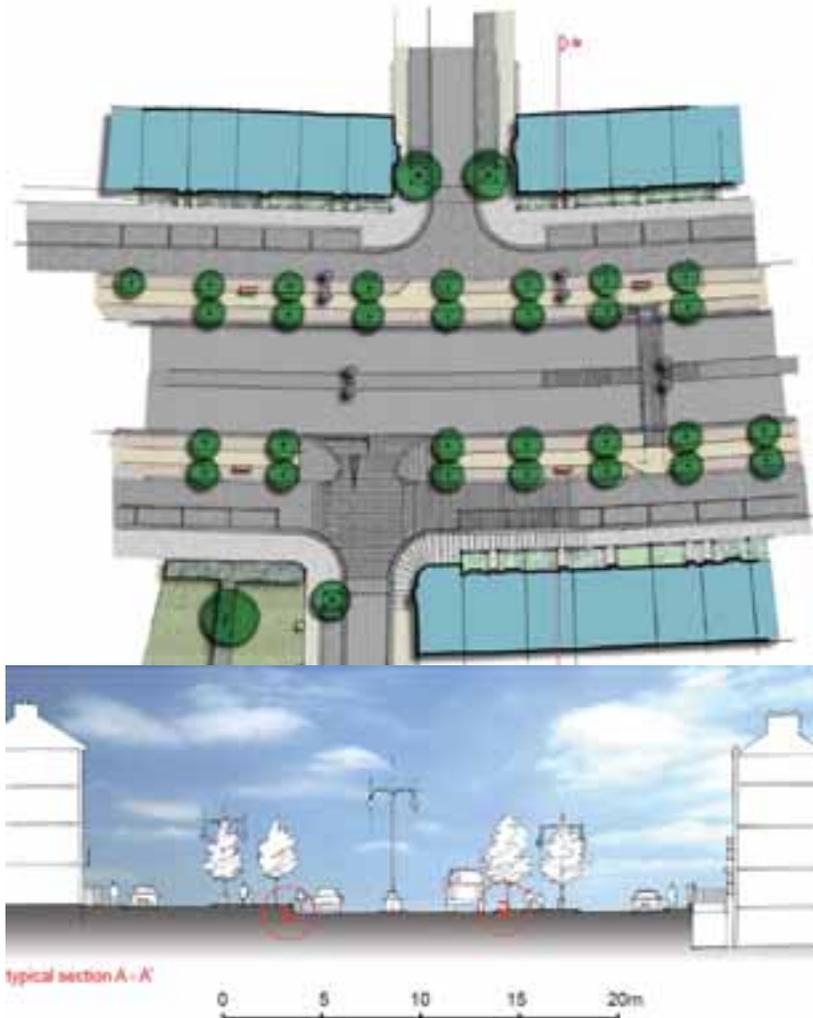
Key Features

- ground floor commercial
- residential above
- a mix of uses
- a mix of heights
- a mix of materials

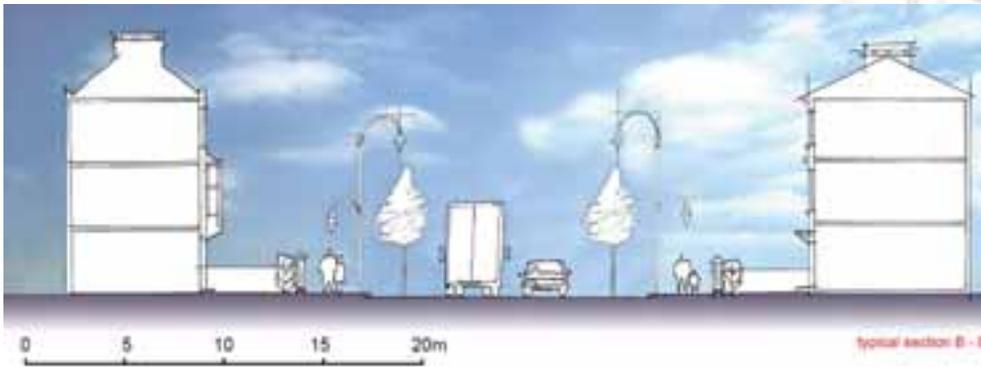
Typical Examples

The section features several architectural drawings and photographs. On the left, there are two detailed elevations of buildings with ground-floor commercial spaces and residential upper floors. On the right, there is a vertical strip of six photographs showing various examples of CL2 buildings in different settings, from street-level views to wider street scenes.

A New High Street for Sherford



A New High Street for Sherford (2)



high street: view looking east



A New High Street for Sherford (3)



high street: view looking south

Sherford Sustainability Review by BRE

Performance summary

Development: Sherford, South Hams

Date: 23rd November 2006

Sections		Number of Credits Achieved				Maximum possible score	Actual score achieved	%
		Best	Good	Minimum	Not Met			
1	CLIMATE CHANGE AND ENERGY	10	4	1	1	14.05	11.53	82%
2	SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION	5	5	4	0	11.3	7.93	70%
3	COMMUNITY & SUSTAINABLE LIFESTYLES	5	1	0	1	6.4	5.10	80%
4	PLACEMAKING	6	7	2	0	13.2	10.12	77%
5	TRANSPORT	10	2	1	0	11.35	10.29	91%
6	ECOLOGY	6	1	0	0	5.65	5.44	96%
7	BUSINESS	1	1	2	0	3.85	2.26	59%
TOTAL SCORE		43	21	10	2	65.80	52.66	80%

Overall Performance Rating: **Excellent**

Table 1: Sherford Performance summary Table

Upton in Northampton

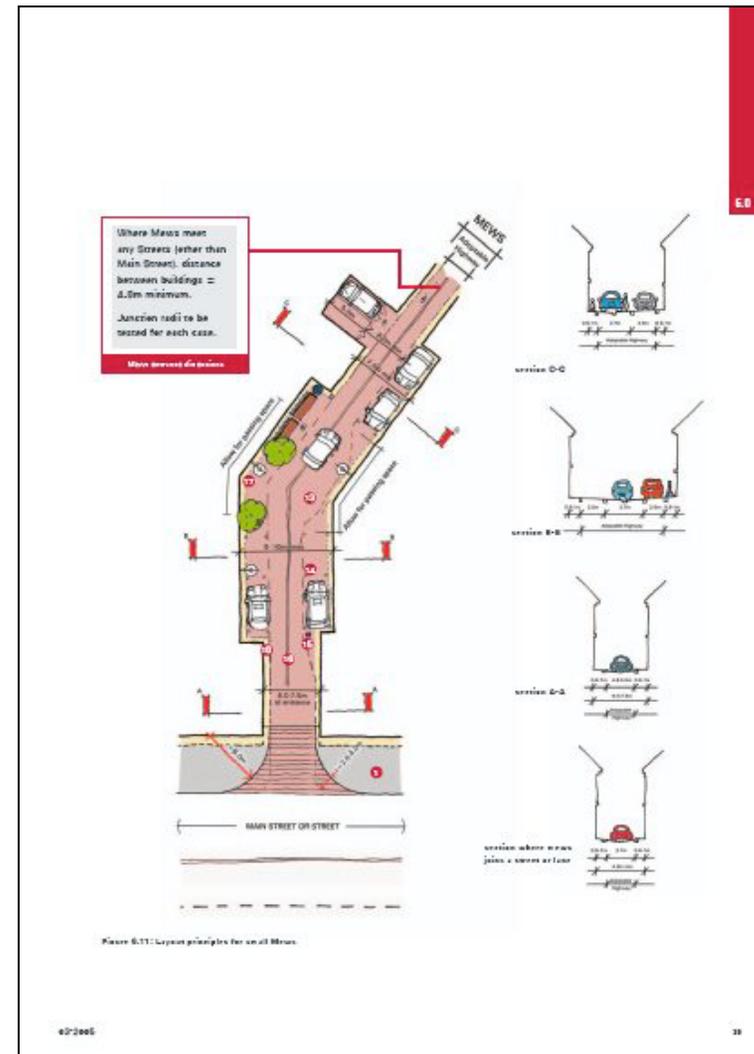
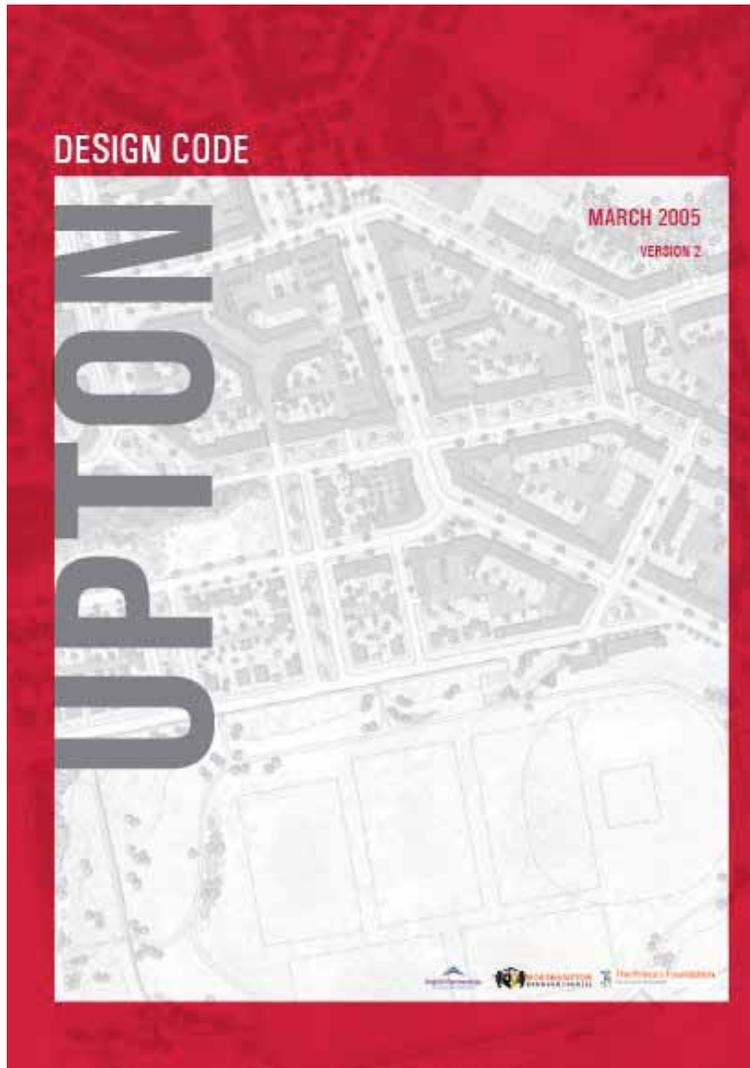


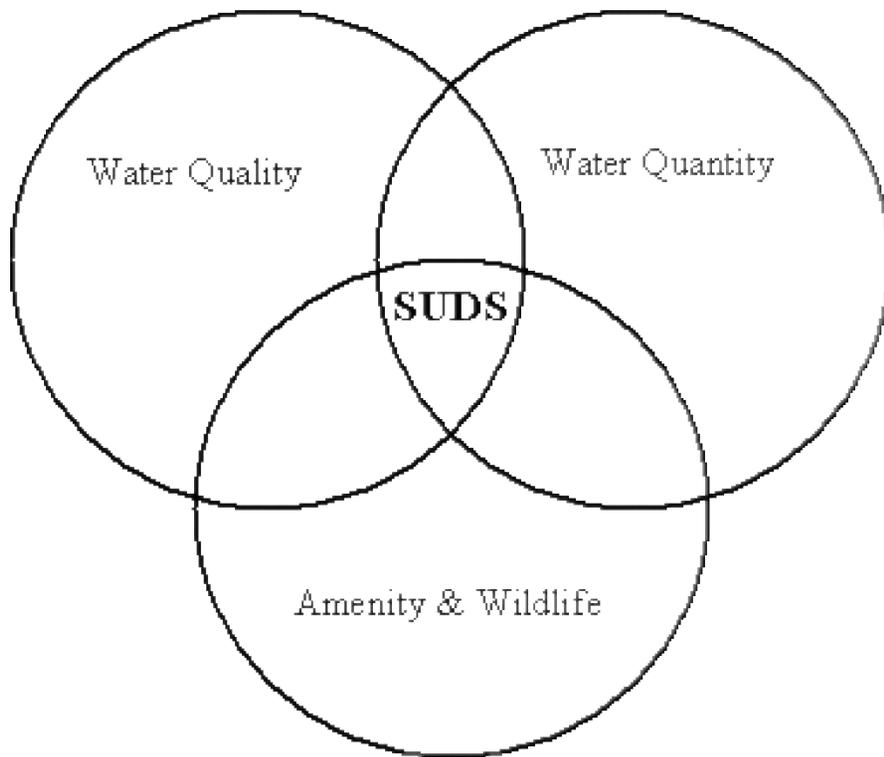
- 1000 home mixed use extension to Northampton, with English Partnerships, incorporating sustainability, mixed income housing and design codes. Integrates street network and sustainable drainage.
- The Prince's Foundation developed original master plan through an Enquiry by Design, and has remained on project board through delivery.

Before and After



Upton Design Code: English Partnerships, The Prince's Foundation, EDAW





Where is Placemaking?

Sustainable Urban Drainage at Upton, Northampton

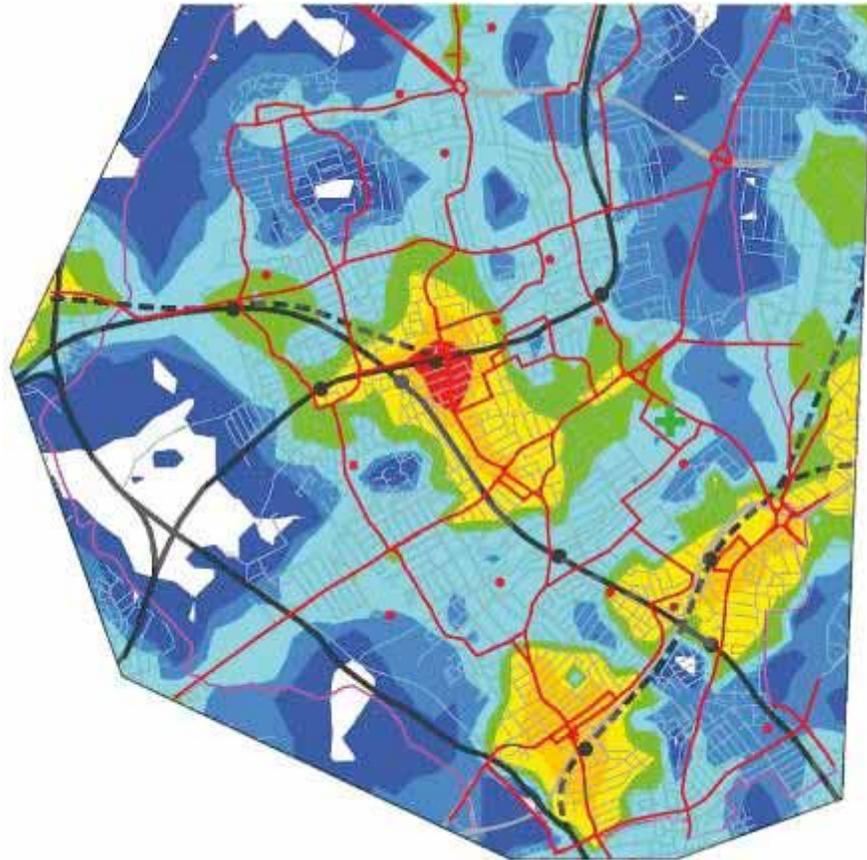




Walthamstow



Accessibility



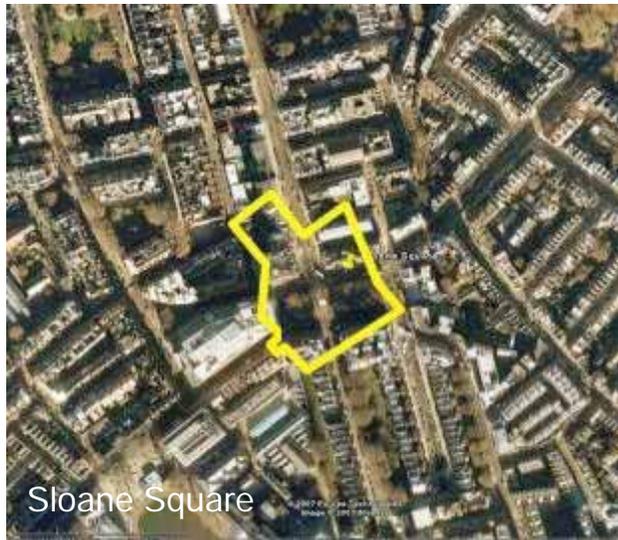
Public Transport
Access



Space Syntax

Precedent Analysis

50,000 people use Walthamstow Central Station each day



400m radius:

Swiss Cottage 4,000 dwellings

South Kensington 2,500 dwellings

Walthamstow 1,500 dwellings

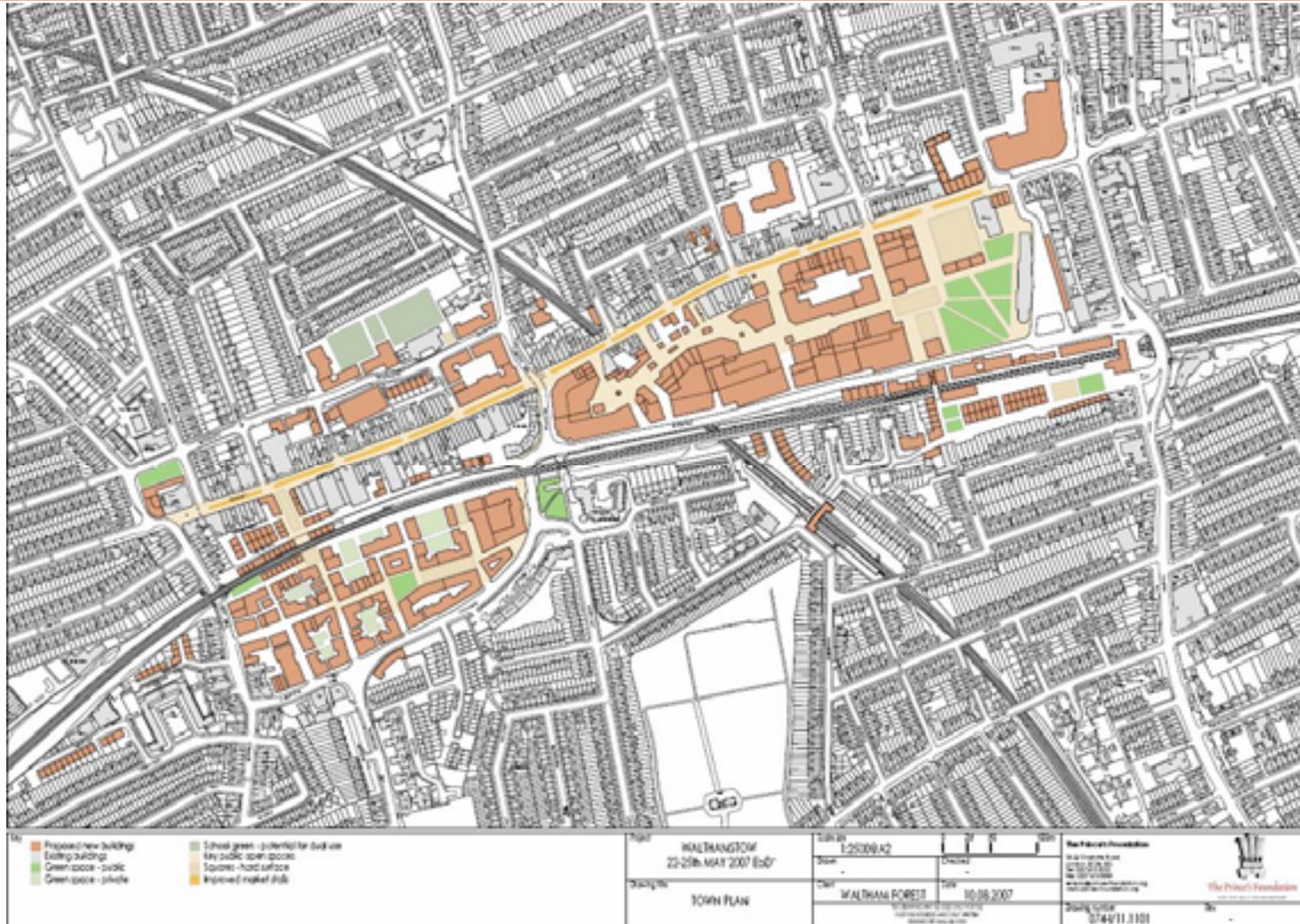


High density, high quality living - terraced houses, London



Providing choice - live/work units within a mixed street, London

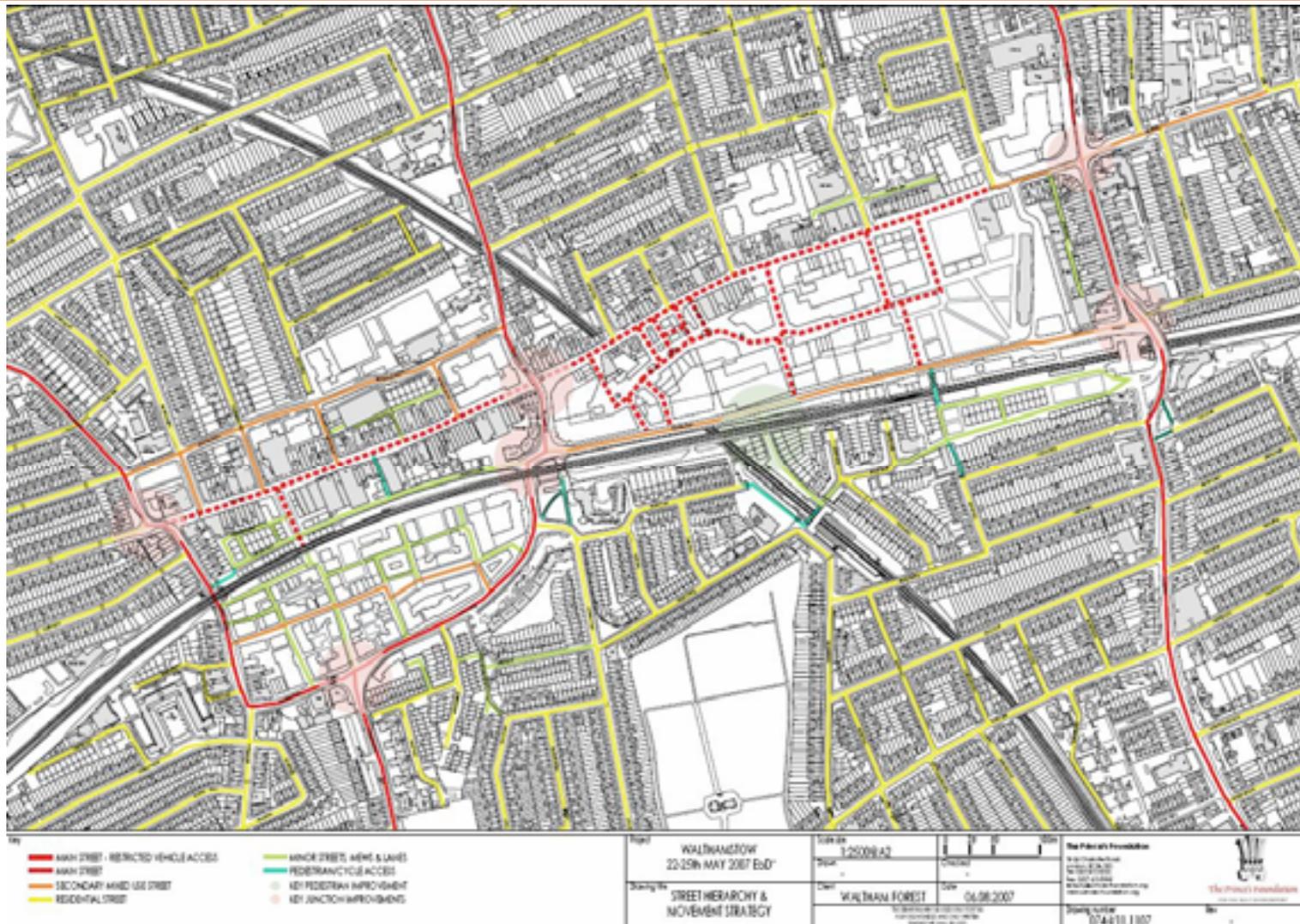
Master Plan



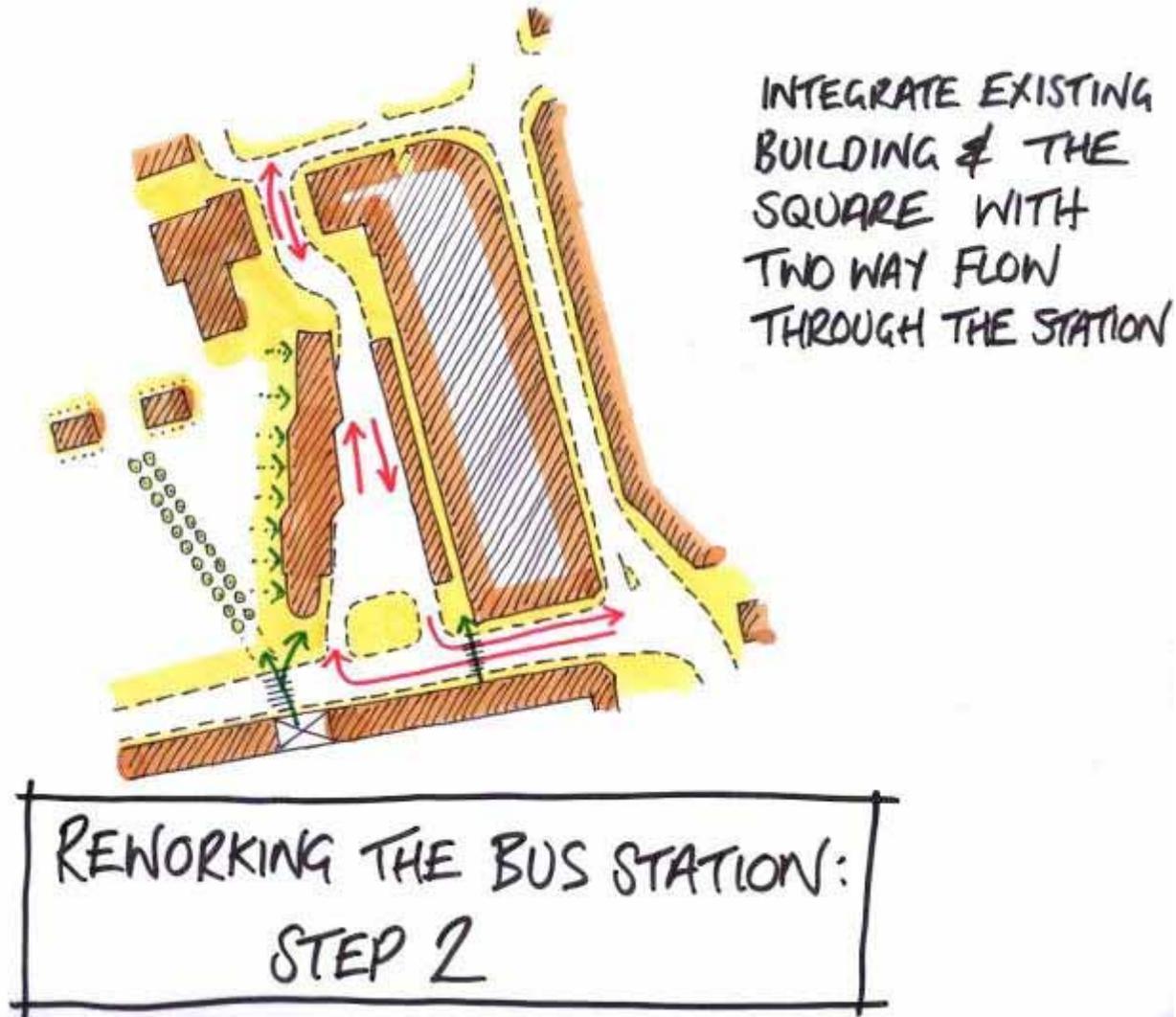
Massing



Movement



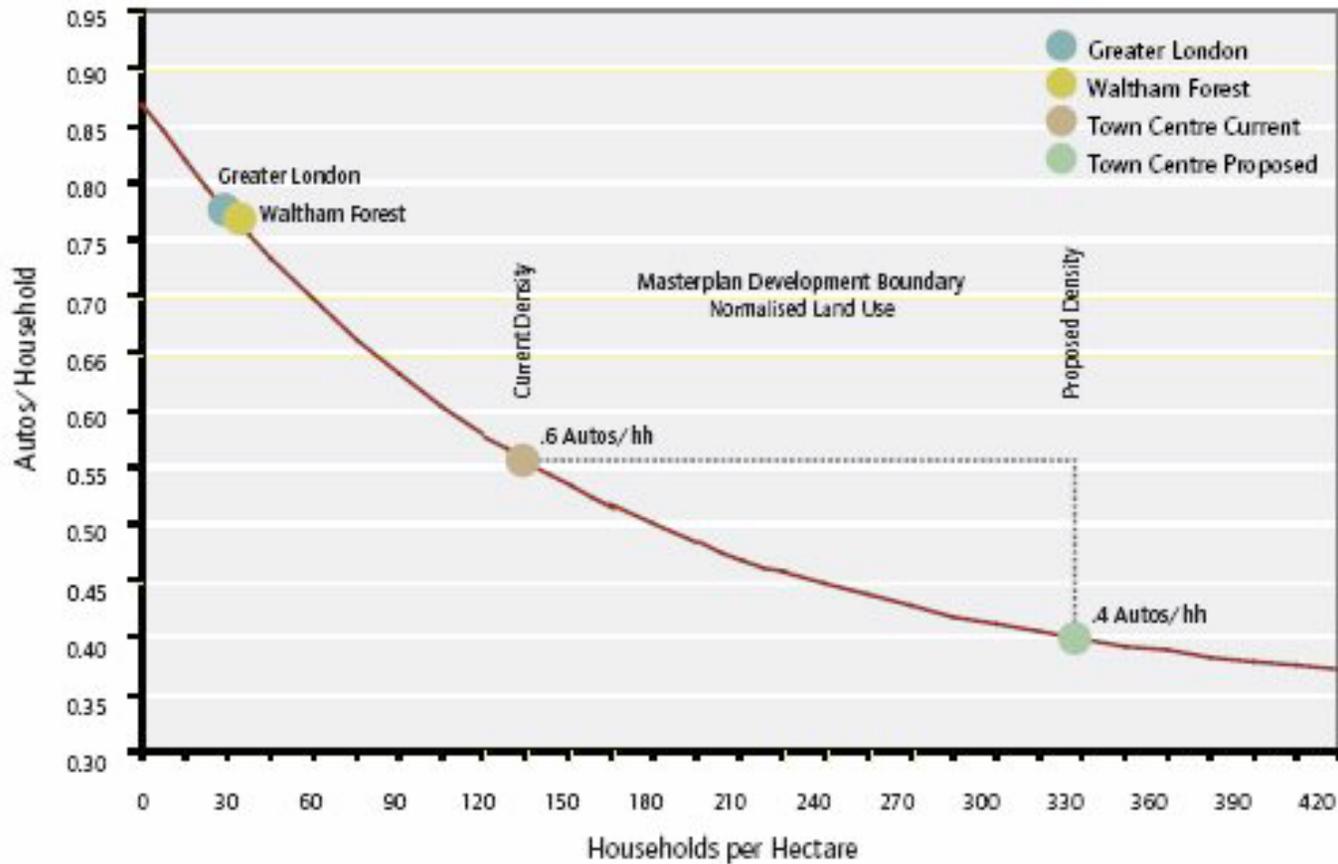
Bus Station



Alan Baxter Assoc.

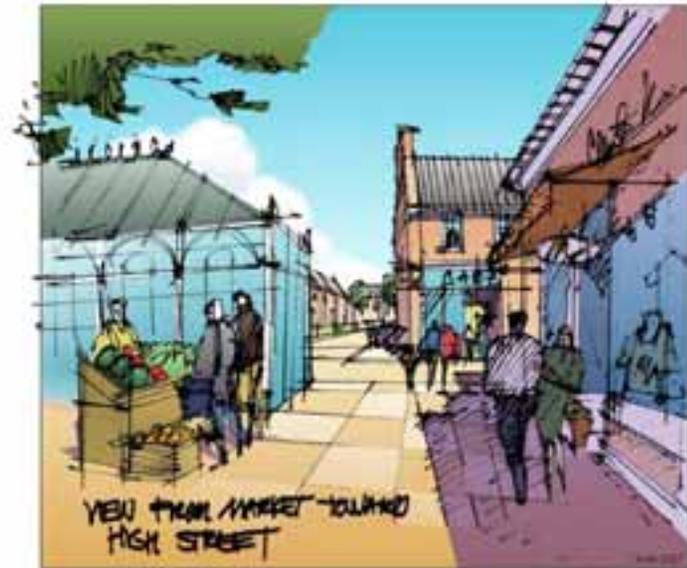
Location Efficiency

Auto ownership per household



CNT,2007

A Shopping Centre Reborn



Seth Harry

